THE STRUCTURE OF A SYLLOGISM

Sample Syllogisms

SUBJECT	PREDICATE	REASON	DIAGRAM
1. The subject	is the predicate	because it is the reason.	Predicate
2. Sound, the subject,	is impermanent	because it is produced.	Reason
3. A lemon, the subject,	is a fruit	because it is a citrus.	
4. The colour of a red car, subject,	is a colour	because it is red.	

The Three Modes of a Correct Reason And the Probandum They Prove

THE PARTS OF A REASONING	THE RELATIONSHIP IS BETWEEN:		BETWEEN:	HOW TO STATE THE RELATIONSHIP:
The 1 st Mode (The reason applies to <u>all instances</u> of the subject.)	Subject	Reason	Reason	 The reason applies to all instances of the subject. Produced applies to all instances of sound. Citrus applies to all lemons. Red applies to the colour of a red car.
The 2 nd Mode: (The reason is included in the predicate.)	Predicate	Predicate	Reason	 The reason is included in the predicate. Produced is included in impermanent Citrus is included in fruit. Red is included in colour.
The 3 rd Mode: (That which is not the predicate is not included in the reason.)		Predicate	Reason	 Whatever is not the predicate is not included in the reason. Whatever is not impermanent is not included in produced. Whatever is not fruit is not included in citrus. Whatever is not colour is not included in red.
The Probandum (That which is to be proven.)	Subject	Predicate	Predicate Subj.	 The subject is the predicate. Sound is impermanent A lemon is fruit. The colour of a red car is a colour.